

臺中健康暨管理學院九十學年度二年制進修部招生考試試題紙

類 別	考試科目	考試日期	節 次	考試時間
語文類(一)	英文閱讀能力測驗	8 月 4 日(星期六)	第二節	10:20~12:00

選擇 50 題(每題 5 分，共計 250 分)

(A) 閱讀本文，並找出適當的答案

Bread might have been the first food that people made. The earliest people pounded nuts and seeds between two rocks to make a kind of flour. The bread made from this flour was flat, heavy, and dry. It probably didn't taste very good. But it was an important food.

Later, people began growing grass seeds themselves. The people called the grasses wheat, rice, and corn. They made flour mills from big, flat rocks. These rocks were very heavy. They had to be turned around and around by horses. Or sometimes the water from a river moved the rocks. The flour improved. So the bread tasted much better, too.

1. The earliest people made flour by
A. eating food B. pulling leaves C. pounding seeds and nuts D. catching animals
2. At first bread was
A. brown B. delicious C. flat, heavy, and dry D. light and puffy
3. People called the grasses
A. milk and honey B. rocks and water C. seeds, nuts, and bread D. wheat, rice, and corn
4. The rocks in flour mills were moved by
A. horses B. cows C. machines D. people
5. When the flour improved, the bread was
A. worse B. better C. the same D. much harder

People began to find new ways to make bread. They found a way to make the bread puff up with little air bubbles. As time went by, people added new things to bread. They used butter, milk, and even eggs. Sometimes they would put fruit and nuts in it. Some bread became so sweet that we now call it cake. People also tried making different shapes and sizes of bread. They made little round bread that we call rolls. They made very flat bread that we call pancakes.

Today bread has many shapes, sizes, colors, and tastes. It is still a very important food.

6. Bread puffed up because it had
A. eggs B. milk C. sugar cubes D. air bubbles
7. To make new bread, people added
A. meat B. eggs C. vegetables D. leaves
8. We call bread that is little and round
A. pie B. rolls C. corn bread D. cookies
9. Pancakes are a kind of bread that is
A. flat B. black C. very salty D. made with nuts
10. As a food, bread has changed, but it is still
A. awful B. salty C. sour D. important

(B) 閱讀本文，並找出適當的答案

Have you ever shivered on a cold day? You may not have noticed, but as you shivered, your body warmed up. Shivering is one way your body stays warm. It happens when signals are sent from the nervous system to the muscles. This is how it works.

The nervous system has two parts. One part is the nerves. They look like long, thin threads. Their job is to carry messages to all parts of the body. The spinal cord and the brain make up the other part of the nervous system. The spinal cord is a large bundle of nerves inside the backbone. Signals from the brain travel down the spinal cord. They go to the rest of the body through the nerves. Muscles receive these signals.

11. Shivering helps your body
A. keep calm B. stay warm C. cool down D. stand up straight
12. Signals go from the nervous system to
A. the muscles B. a certain cell C. the legs D. the nerves
13. The nervous system has
A. one part B. three parts C. two parts D. many parts
14. Nerves look like
A. muscles B. threads C. blood cells D. small trees
15. The spinal cord is a large bundle of
A. muscles B. brain cells C. nerves D. signal

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Imagine waiting for a bus on a street corner. It's a cold day, the bus is late, and you feel chilled. Here's what happens.

A control center in your brain senses that you're cold. It sends a message down the spinal cord to all the nerves. The message races through nerves that connect to other nerves. Then it goes from the nerves to the muscles. The message says, "Warning! Prepare for action!"

When a muscle moves, it makes heat. That is why you get warm when you run or play soccer. When your muscles get the signal that you are cold, they get busy. First they become tight, then they loosen. They tighten then loosen over and over again. This makes you shiver. You also get warmer.

16. Your brain's signal travels first to the
A. bus B. spinal cord C. heart D. muscles
17. Nerves tell the muscles to
A. stop B. relax C. get ready D. cool down
18. When a muscle moves, it becomes
A. warm B. cool C. stiff D. heavy
19. When you become cold, your muscles
A. relax B. stretch C. stop moving D. tighten and loosen
20. When you shiver, you get
A. weaker B. colder C. stronger D. warmer

(C) 閱讀本文, 並找出適當的答案

Try an experiment. Hold your arms out to your sides. Extend your index fingers and slowly bring your arms together in front of you. Try to make your fingers touch. Since that was so easy, try it again with only one eye open.

If you are like most people, the task is more challenging using only one eye. There is a reason for this. A certain signal goes to your brain when you look at objects with both eyes. This signal tells your brain how close or how far away objects are. If you use only one eye, your brain does not receive this signal. You cannot judge distance correctly or tell how thick objects are. You have lost your ability to see depth. When you look at objects with one eye, your brain "sees" the scene as if it were painted on a flat screen. Using two eyes gives depth to the same view.

21. You begin the experiment by holding your arms
A. behind you B. above your head C. out to your sides D. down by your sides
22. Next you bring your arms
A. down B. up C. behind your head D. in front of you
23. It is easiest to make your fingers meet if you have
A. good luck B. good vision C. one eye closed D. both eyes open
24. To judge distance, use
A. one eye B. both eyes C. your arms D. your fingers
25. When you use one eye, the brain "sees"
A. a flat scene B. far away C. only large things D. only small things

Each of your eyes sees things from a slightly different angle. Your left eye sees more of the objects to your left, and your right eye sees more of the objects to your right. Try another experiment. Look at a nearby object with one eye closed, and notice what you can see. Then close the other eye and look at the same object. How does this change what you see? Now look with both eyes. When you have both eyes open, each eye sees not only the front of the object but also a little on each side.

This special vision is called depth perception. Depth perception makes you able to judge distances. It helps you avoid running into things. It helps you catch a ball. Newborn babies do not have this ability. It takes a few years for it to develop. That is why some children who have trouble in sports become wonderful athletes later.

26. Each of your eyes sees things from a different
A. angle B. nerve C. signal D. light
27. Your left eye sees more of the objects
A. to the left B. to the right C. to the center D. to the front
28. When both your eye are open, they
A. work less B. see more C. stand apart D. work harder
29. Depth perception makes you able to judge
A. angles B. color C. eyes D. distances

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30. Depth perception is well developed in
A. children B. newborns C. athletes D. objects

(D) 閱讀並找出本段文章之主旨

Sometimes pets make too much noise. Sometimes a pet's owner lets it run loose in a neighbor's yard. This is a problem in Texas. When people have problems with other people's pets, they talk to a judge about them. The judge decides who is right and who is wrong. Some of these problems are funny. Others are very sad.

31. The story mainly tells
A. how people in Texas solve pet problems
B. about problems with judges
C. about the saddest pet story
D. how neighbors chase pets in Texas

People in China have a party on New Year's Day. At the party they eat only the foods they love. They say only happy things to each other. They visit with their best friends. All the Chinese people have a good time at the party. They hope that the rest of the year will be as good.

32. The story mainly tells
A. which day is most important
B. what the Chinese do on New Year's Day
C. why some people have parties
D. about the Chinese food at parties

You have a cold. What should you eat? "Chicken soup," your grandmother would say. Now scientists are finding that Grandmother was right. Chicken soup is very good for you when you are sick. The chicken makes you stronger. The noodles help your body take in salt and water. You may need this extra salt and water when you are sick. Chicken soup just may be the perfect medicine.

33. The story mainly tells
A. whose grandmother was right
B. how noodles in soup make you lose water
C. how chicken soup is a kind of medicine
D. how you shouldn't eat the chicken in it

Most men and boys go to barbershops to get their hair cut. But some people in Philadelphia go to one barbershop to hear opera singing. The owner of this barbershop was once a very good opera singer. In his younger days, he sang in places all over the country. Now he sings only in his shop. But he says that he can't cut hair and sing at the same time!

34. The story mainly tells
A. about a singing barber in Philadelphia
B. where the barbershop is located
C. what opera singing is like
D. how a barber can sing while cutting hair

Airplanes have changed our lives. Long ago, people traveled in ships. They spent weeks or even months getting from one country to another. Today airplanes carry people halfway around the world in 15 hours. So we spend less time going places and more time doing things.

35. The story mainly tells
A. how small the world was long ago
B. how fast ships sailed around the world
C. how airplanes changed our lives
D. how people still travel on ships

A man in Florida can talk to fish. He spent a long time learning how to do this. First he watched fish very closely. Then he listened to the noises they made. Finally he learned to make the same sounds. Sometimes the fish listen to him. At times he can even make them do things. This man thinks that someday fishermen might be able to call fish to their nets.

36. The story mainly tells
A. how older people can get the help they need
B. who cooks lunch for older people
C. what families do at night
D. who needs help walking

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(E) 閱讀推理

Laughing makes people feel great. Some people think that laughing is the best thing in life. Now scientists have shown that laughing is good for the body, too. Laughing makes the heart beat faster. It brings more air into the body. Many people keep fit by running. But laughing is easier on the feet!

37. From this story you can tell that

- A. laughing is good for your health
- B. swimming is very good for your body
- C. crying is like laughing
- D. laughing makes the heart beat slower

Doctors noticed that many sick people had had changes in their lives. Something new had happened to them. A few had new homes or jobs. Others had just married. Changes of any kind seemed to make these people weaker. Later it was easy for germs to make them sick.

38. From this story you can tell that

- A. people who live in old houses stay healthy
- B. changes in people's lives can make them sick
- C. newly married people never get sick
- D. people get well with germs

The plant with the biggest seed in the world is called the coconut of the sea. Its huge seed can grow to be as big as a beach ball. It can weigh as much as fifty pounds.

39. From this story you can tell that

- A. this plant probably grows in the United States
- B. this seed wouldn't make a good beach ball
- C. the seed is the size of a big orange
- D. the seed tastes like coconut

Do you cover your mouth when you yawn? Today we think of this act as a part of good manners. But the early Romans covered their yawns out of fear. They thought that their souls might escape during a yawn. They believed that a hand to the lips kept them alive.

40. From the story you can tell that

- A. the Romans thought yawning caused death
- B. your teeth might fall out if you yawn
- C. yawns are bad for your health
- D. the Romans slept much of the time

(F) 請依照上下文, 選擇適當的字填入空格

It pays to go to (41). People who go can make better (42) than those who don't. Someone who finishes high school may make five dollars for one hour's work. A person who finishes college may make much more for that same hour!

41. A. camp B. college C. church D. jail

42. A. sons B. aunts C. wages D. rakers

A magnet can be a piece of stone or metal. Magnets come in a (43) of shapes and sizes. They also come in different (44), so some are weaker than others.

43. A. sack B. box C. variety D. cap

44. A. zoos B. strengths C. rugs D. letters

Some countries have high-speed trains. These trains can (45) high speeds for a long time. They can run at this (46) because the track is very smooth and straight.

45. A. leak B. maintain C. dive D. wait

46. A. shelf B. pitch C. arrow D. pace

An oyster is an animal that lives in the sea. When it's born, it looks like a tiny lump. It floats and swims for two weeks. Next its shell (47). Then the oyster (48) on an object. The oyster fastens itself to the object. It doesn't move again.

47. A. wins B. hardens C. whispers D. shines

48. A. lifts B. naps C. settles D. shops

Living stones are desert plants. They are (49) to Africa. Some living stones grow under the sand. Only parts of their leaves are (50) to the sun. Others look like small rocks until they flower.

49. A. kind B. native C. little D. second

50. A. over B. made C. exposed D. next